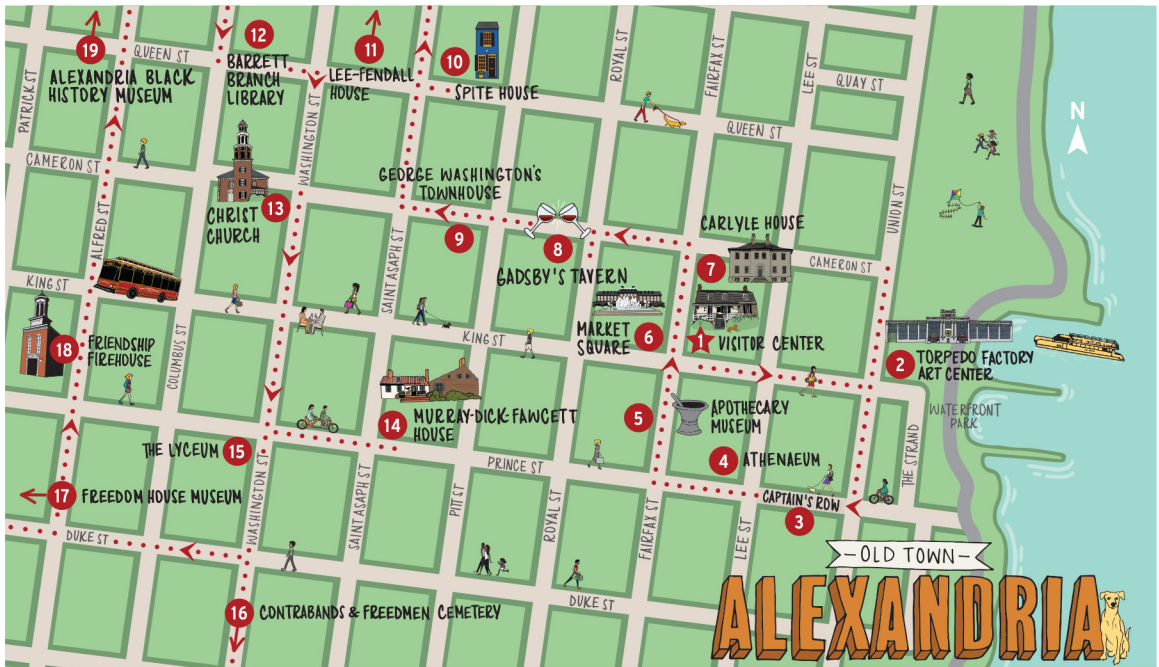


# Self-Guided Tour

Discover Alexandria while you stroll historic streets

Explore Alexandria's  
curated Great Walks



- 1 Alexandria Visitor Center** 221 King Street  
Re-creation of the circa 1724 home of Scottish merchant and city co-founder William Ramsay.
- 2 Torpedo Factory Art Center** 105 N. Union St.  
A torpedo factory during World War II, now home to three levels of active artist studios and seven galleries.
- 3 Captain's Row** 100 block of Prince St.  
Iconic cobblestone block of private residences named after a successful overseas trader.
- 4 The Athenaeum** 201 Prince St.  
Built in 1851 and currently an art gallery, this salmon-pink Greek Revival building was once a bank.
- 5 Stabler-Leadbeater Apothecary Museum** 105-107 S. Fairfax St.  
Tour this 18th-century family-run pharmacy to see still-intact herbal botanicals, medical equipment and more.
- 6 Market Square** 500 King Street  
Site of Alexandria's City Hall, built in 1871, and the nation's oldest continually operating farmers market in one location, open Saturdays year-round.
- 7 Carlyle House** 121 N. Fairfax St.  
This Georgian Palladian manor house was built in 1753 by wealthy Scottish merchant and city co-founder John Carlyle.
- 8 Gadsby's Tavern** 154 N. Royal St.  
This two-building complex includes the 1785 City Tavern, whose notable patrons included George Washington and Thomas Jefferson, and the 1792 Federal-style City Hotel.
- 9 George Washington Townhouse** 508 Cameron St. (private)  
Re-creation of a townhouse built by Washington in 1769 to provide quarters when he couldn't return to Mount Vernon.
- 10 Spite House** 525 Queen St. (private)  
The skinniest historic house in America, built in 1830 to keep loiterers out of the adjacent alley, is just seven feet wide.
- 11 Lee-Fendall House** 614 Oronoco St.  
Tour this 18th-century home to learn about life in the house from 1810 to 1950.
- 12 Barrett Branch Library** 717 Queen St.  
Site of one of America's earliest recorded sit-ins in 1939 to desegregate Alexandria's library.
- 13 Christ Church** 118 N. Washington St.  
Built in 1773, Washington played a part in building this rectangular Georgian church and was an original pew-holder (#60).
- 14 Murray-Dick-Fawcett House** 517 Prince St. (private)  
Built in 1775, this timber frame and brick dwelling was around during the American Revolution.
- 15 The Lyceum** 201 S. Washington St.  
Built in 1839 and once a Civil War hospital, today visitors explore Alexandria's History Museum.
- 16 Contrabands & Freedmen Cemetery** 1001 S. Washington St.  
Between 1864 and 1869, 1,800 African Americans who fled to Union-occupied Alexandria to escape bondage were buried here.
- 17 Freedom House Museum** 1515 Duke St.  
National Historic Landmark with three exhibitions showcasing the Black experience in America and honoring the enslaved and free Black people who lived in—and were trafficked through—Alexandria.
- 18 Friendship Firehouse Museum** 107 S. Alfred St.  
Established in 1774, the Friendship Fire Company was the city's first volunteer fire company. The firehouse was built in 1855.
- 19 Alexandria Black History Museum** 902 Wythe St.  
Originally the segregated library for Alexandria's African American residents, the museum documents the contributions of Black Americans.