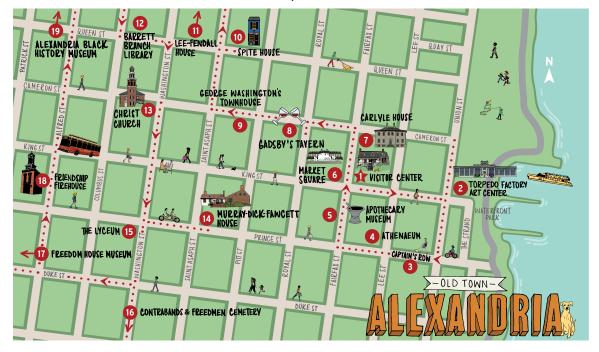
## Self-Guided Tour

Explore Alexandria's curated Great Walks



Discover Alexandria while you stroll historic street



- Alexandria Visitor Center 221 King Street
   Re-creation of the circa 1724 home of Scottish merchant and city co-founder William Ramsay.
- 2 Torpedo Factory Art Center 105 N. Union St. A torpedo factory during World War II, now home to three levels of active artist studios and seven galleries.
- Captain's Row 100 block of Prince St. Iconic cobblestone block of private residences named after a successful overseas trader.
- 4 The Athenaeum 201 Prince St.
  Built in 1851 and currently an art gallery, this salmon-pink
  Greek Revival building was once a bank.
- 5 Stabler-Leadbeater Apothecary Museum 105-107 S. Fairfax St. Tour this 18th-century family-run pharmacy to see still-intact herbal botanicals, medical equipment and more.
- 6 Market Square 300 King Street
  Site of Alexandria's City Hall, built in 1871, and the nation's oldest continually operating farmers market in one location, open Saturdays year-round.
- 7 Carlyle House 121 N. Fairfax St. This Georgian Palladian manor house was built in 1753 by wealthy Scottish merchant and city co-founder John Carlyle.
- 8 Gadsby's Tavern 134 N. Royal St.
  This two-building complex includes the 1785 City Tavern,
  whose notable patrons included George Washington and
  Thomas Jefferson, and the 1792 Federal-style City Hotel.
- 9 George Washington Townhouse 508 Cameron St. (private) Re-creation of a townhouse built by Washington in 1769 to provide quarters when he couldn't return to Mount Vernon.
- 10 Spite House 523 Queen St. (private) The skinniest historic house in America, built in 1830 to keep loiterers out of the adjacent alley, is just seven feet wide.

- 11 Lee-Fendall House 614 Oronoco St.

  Tour this 18th-century home to learn about life in the house from 1810 to 1950.
- 12 Barrett Branch Library 717 Queen St. Site of one of America's earliest recorded sit-ins in 1939 to desegregate Alexandria's library.
- 13 Christ Church 118 N. Washington St. Built in 1773, Washington played a part in building this rectangular Georgian church and was an original pewholder (#60).
- 14 Murray-Dick-Pawcett House 517 Prince St. (private)
  Built in 1775, this timber frame and brick dwelling was
  around during the American Revolution.
- The Lyceum 201S. Washington St. Built in 1839 and once a Civil War hospital, today visitors explore Alexandria's History Museum.
- 16 Contrabands & Freedmen Cemetery 1001 S. Washington St. Between 1864 and 1869, 1,800 African Americans who fled to Union-occupied Alexandria to escape bondage were buried here.
- 17 Preedom House Museum 1315 Duke St. National Historic Landmark with three exhibitions showcasing the Black experience in America and honoring the enslaved and free Black people who lived in—and were trafficked through—Alexandria.
- 18 Priendship Firehouse Museum 107 S. Alfred St. Established in 1774, the Friendship Fire Company was the city's first volunteer fire company. The firehouse was built in 1855.
- 19 Alexandria Black History Museum 902 Wythe St. Originally the segregated library for Alexandria's African American residents, the museum documents the contributions of Black Americans.